

Forest-based policy pathways towards a climate-neutral society: Introducing the ForestPaths project





About the project





CHALLENGES

EU targets to significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 and become climate neutral by 2050 require urgent and major reforms by all sectors.

Simultaneously, the EU has committed to conserving biodiversity.



OPPORTUNITIES

Clear policy pathways are needed to meet these multiple targets. They need to outline alternatives for how European forests and the forest-based sector can contribute to achieving a climate-neutral and resilient society and economy.



AIM

ForestPaths is co-designing, quantifying and evaluating holistic forest-based policy pathways to optimise the contribution of EU forests and the forest-based sector to climate change mitigation, while considering the need to adapt forests to climate change, conserve biodiversity and sustain forest ecosystem services provisioning.

Our approach



CHALLENGE

Meet climate targets and protect biodiversity



WHAT IS NEEDED?

Forest-based policy pathways for a climate-neutral and resilient society









Developing high-resolution monitoring methods of climate change related risks from forest disturbances (WPs 2 & 3)





Understanding the barriers and enablers to the uptake of climate and biodiversity-smart forest management (WPs 1 & 3)

OUR PROJECT

Co-designing, quantifying and evaluating forest-based policy pathways to optimise climate change mitigation, adapt forests to climate change, and conserve biodiversity and ecosystem services









Providing quantified and evaluated holistic forest-based policy pathways (WPs 5 & 6)



Assembling a next generation integrated assessment framework (WPs 3-5)

RESULTS

- CBS forest management options
- Policy pathways
- Policy support platform CANOPY
- High-resolution maps
- Next generation simulation models
- Improved data, tools and methods



Maximising ForestPaths' impacts through collaboration and knowledge exchange (WP 7)



Main results





Climate and
Biodiversity-Smart (CBS)
forest management options



Holistic forest-based policy pathways



Policy support platform CANOPY



Improved
data for understanding
changes in climate on forest
disturbances



Next generation forest ecosystem and management simulation models



Improved
data, tools and methods
for the European forestbased sector

Timeline



Pan-European forest disturbance maps

D2.1 Next generation European forest disturbance map

Policy and stakeholder requirements

D6.2 Synthesis of policy and stakeholder requirements at EU level relevant for the forestry sector

First Policy Lab

The goal is to identify policy objectives and stakeholder needs

Forest management approaches

D1.1 Forest management approaches across
Europe

Policy instruments

D1.2 Key factors influencing forest practitioners' decisions





August 2023



August 2023



28-29 September 2023 Finland



September 2023



2024

February 2024

Material flow analysis

D4.1 Material flow analysis results

Map data products

D2.5 Map data products

Drivers of forest disturbances

D2.3 Drivers of forest disturbances in Europe

Pan-European forest composition and structure maps

D2.2 European forest composition and structure maps



D1.3 Decision rules, parameters and narratives for modelling



August 2024



August 2024



August 2024



August 2024



June 2024



Life cycle analysis

D4.2 Report on the improved methods and tools

Second Policy Lab

The goal is to elicit visions of European forests and the forestbased sector and policy actions to achieve them

Forest ecosystem models

D3.1 Enhanced and evaluated forest ecosystem models

Forest biodiversity model

D3.3 Biodiversity and ecosystem services model

High conservation value forests in Europe

D2.4 High conservation value forests in Europe



August 2024



September 2024



November 2024



November 2024



February 2025

Policy narratives

D6.3 Narrative analysis of main policy pathways

Third Policy Lab

The goal is to critically examine initial pathways results

ForestPaths database

D4.3 Database with the substitution and biodiversity factors

Global impacts model

D3.4 Recommendations for considering implications of forest management in IAMs/ESMs

Model of European forest owners

D3.2 Fully calibrated agentbased model of European forest owners



November 2025



September 2025



August 2025



February 2025



February 2025



Pathways 2026 scenarios

> D5.1 Simulation framework and database structure

Simulation results

D5.2 Land use & management, climate mitigation potential and policy actions for European forests

Mitigation potential of forest-based products

D5.3 Overall mitigation potential of forest-based products and energy in the bioeconomy

Effective forest management options

D5.4 Effective forest management options securing biodiversity and ecosystem provisions in Europe and globally

Biogenic carbon

D4.4 New impact assessment method for biogenic carbon and biodiversity in LCA



February 2026



June 2026

2027



June 2026



June 2026



August 2026

ForestPaths Final

conference



February 2027

Policy engagement

D6.1 Policy Engagement Forum's activities



January 2027

Policy recommendations

D6.4 Synthesis of policy pathways results and policy recommendations



December 2026

CANOPY platform

Official launch of the platform



October 2026

Policy pathways

D5.5 Policy pathways, trade-offs/co-benefits



October 2026

Fourth Policy Lab

The goal is to provide policy recommendations derived from the pathway analysis and evaluation



September 2026



CBS forest management options



CBS management options are codesigned with local practitioners and stakeholders through **interviews**, **surveys** and **workshops**.

 Decision rules, parameters and narratives for modeling

 Policy instruments for influencing owner behavior



Holistic forestbased policy pathways



The policy pathways with their supporting information and evidence will be openly available through the project's **online policy support platform CANOPY**.

- Comprehensive
 assessment of climate mitigation potential of European forests and forest-based sector
- Policy narratives
- Policy recommendations



Policy support platform CANOPY



Interactive policy analysis tool

Detailed assessment results

CANOPY will be hosted on the **project's website** and will be maintained after
ForestPaths' end to ensure the **longevity**

of its results.

Policy recommendations



Improved data for understanding changes in climate on forest disturbances

These are available to **LULUCF experts** under open access and **training** and guidance is provided for them.

 Open access pan-European forest maps for disturbance and forest composition and structure

 Guidance to the use of forest disturbance, composition, and structure maps



Next generation forest ecosystem and management models

Forest management maps

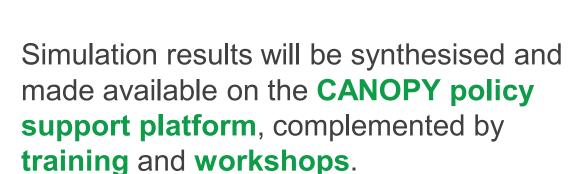
• Improved simulation models for:

 forest ecosystems and management: EFISCEN-space, LPJ-GUESS

owner behavior: CRAFTY

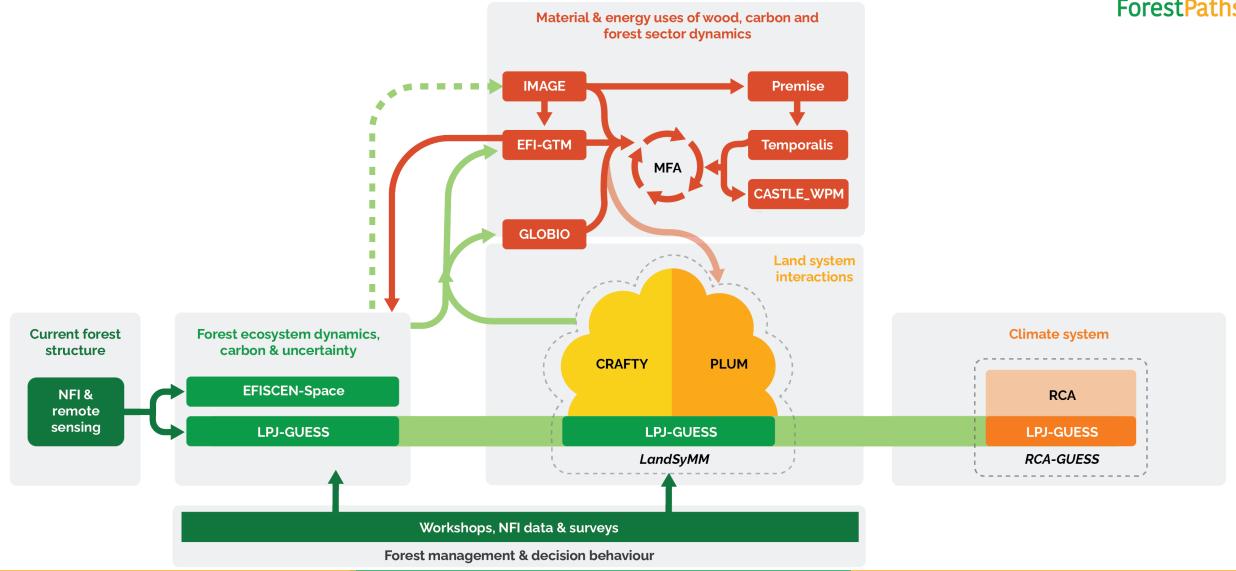
earth systems: RCA-GUESS

integrated assessments:LandSyMM, IMAGE, EFI-GTM



Modelling approach







Improved data, tools and methods for the European forest-based sector



 Database of substitution factors and impact factors

These are **freely available** and **training** is provided for them, along with other supporting materials such as **videos** and **podcast episodes**.

 Methodologies for upscaling substitution impacts



Co-design process with stakeholders



Policy Engagement Forum



Demo cases



Policy labs

Policy Engagement Forum



ForestPaths engages key stakeholders at local, regional, national and European levels in an in-depth dialogue centered around the co-creation of forest-based policy pathways.



The project interacts with its stakeholders through a Policy Engagement Forum, which has an online basis for ongoing networking and collaboration and combines digital with hybrid and in-person activities.

The Policy Engagement Forum will outlive the project by becoming a part of its policy support platform CANOPY.

Demo cases



ForestPaths has
four demo cases where
it works with stakeholders
to ensure that the CBS
management options and
policy pathways are
practically applicable
and relevant in different
European contexts.



The selected locations cover diverse forest decision-making structures, importance of forests and the forest sector to the national economy, climate change impacts, approach to biodiversity and biogeographic regions.

The four demo cases are located in Finland, Italy, Romania and the Netherlands.

Demo cases

Boreal climate

- Mostly under private ownership (60%), excl. companies. State forest service responsible for actively managed forests and conservation areas
- High importance to forest industry, as well as NVVFPs, recreation, and GHG balance for climate neutrality
- 106,000 people employed by forest-based bioeconomy
- Increasing productivity, moderate increase in disturbances, challenges to mobilise wood under climate change
- Fairly segregated approach through protection of forests. Management focuses on production and considers biodiversity following certification standards

Atlantic climate

- Mix of private (52) and state owners (48%)
- Low economic importance for industry, but high for climate change mitigation, recreation and other services
- 86,000 people employed by forest-based bioeconomy
- Increased risk of droughts and occasional wildfire. Loss of vitality by combined impacts of climate change and high nitrogen deposition
- 1/3 of forests have biodiversity as main focus, otherwise integrated approach





Continental and Alpine climate

- >60% state-owned forests
- Management fully regulated by the state
- Medium importance to industry, high importance for NWFP.
 About 50% of households rely on wood for heating
 - 257,000 people employed by forest-based bioeconomy
 - Climate change and natural disturbances so far limited impacts
 - Management aimed to increase stand stability through enforcing natural forest type. Significant tracts of old-growth forests at risk of exploitation

Mediterranean and continental climate

- Mostly under private ownership (66%). Associations are being established as ownership becomes more regulated
 - Medium importance to forest industry, large differences between regions. High Importance for protection (35% of the total forest area) and NIFPs
 - 440,000 people employed by forest-based bioeconomy
 - Decreasing productivity, strong increase in wildfire risk
 - Segregated approach through protection of forests. Recent decree introduces important innovations for NWFPs, biodiversity and sustainability

Policy labs



ForestPaths' co-creation of policy pathways is supported by four two-day policy labs, each with a particular objective.

Policy lab 1: identify policy objectives and stakeholder needs

Policy lab 2: elicit visions on European forests and the forest-based sector and policy actions to achieve them



Policy lab 3: critically examine initial pathways results

Policy lab 4: provide policy recommendations derived from the pathway analysis and evaluation



Impact

Expected impact





Support the transition to a climateneutral and resilient society

- CBS management options
- Forest-based policy pathways



Advance the understanding of Earth system science and climate ecosystems interactions

Next generation models



Improve the monitoring of forest disturbances

- LCA tools
- Improved data



Increase research knowledge's transparency and practicality

- Policy Engagement Forum
- Demo cases
- Policy Labs
- CANOPY platform



The project

The ForestPaths consortium





























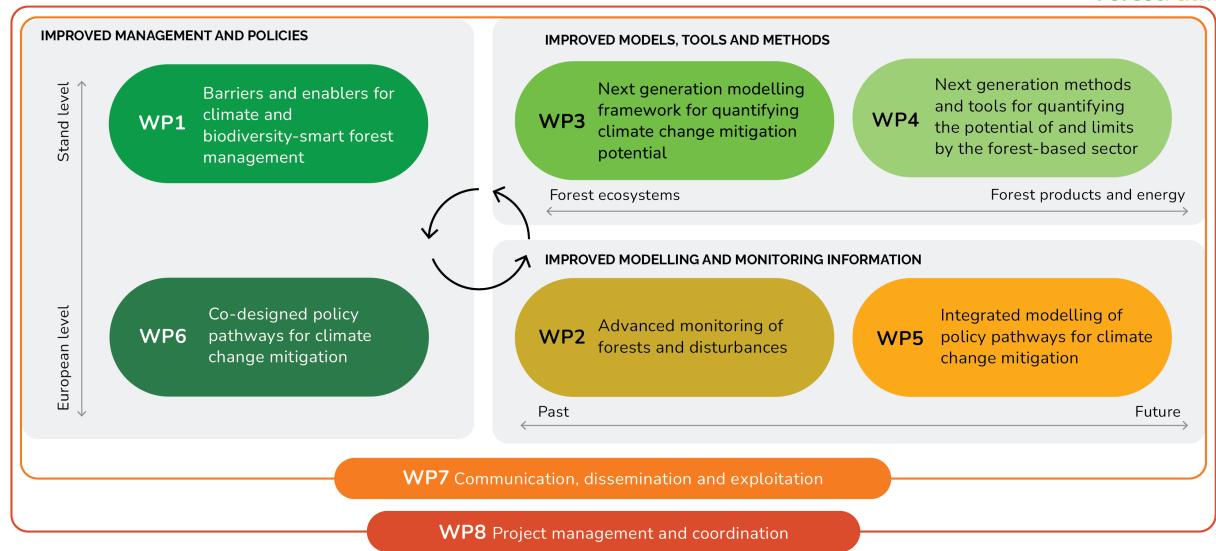






Project structure





Improved management and policies



WP1

Barriers and enablers for climate and biodiversity smart forest management

- Aim: improve models on land use and climate change by furthering the understanding of how forest management and associated decisions is conducted across Europe and identifying feasible Climate and Biodiversity-Smart (CBS) forest management approaches
- **Results:** decision rules, parameters and narratives that will serve to improve modelling (WP3) and support the development of exploratory scenarios in WP5. Information on effective policy mechanisms to facilitate the wider implementation of CBS across Europe

WP6

Co-designed policy pathways for climate change mitigation

- Aim: co-design and analyse diverse and innovative climate change mitigation policy pathways related to European forests and forest-based sector
- **Results:** mapped policy landscape, multi-level stakeholder approach to co-design and analyse forest-based policy pathways and policy recommendations

Improved models, tools and methods



WP3

Next generation modelling framework for quantifying climate change mitigation potential

- Aim: deliver an advanced Integrated Assessment framework that scales the environmental impacts of policy and climate on forests seamlessly from landscape to the European scale
- Results: next generation Integrated Assessment framework

WP4

Next generation methods and tools for quantifying the potential of and limits by forest-based sector

- Aim: develop enhanced tools, databases and methods to better estimate the
 mitigation potential and biodiversity impact of the European forest-based bioeconomy,
 including the substitution and carbon storage effect of forest-based material and
 energy products, with appropriate time dynamics
- Results: material flow analysis, temporal dynamic, prospective and combinatorial LCA framework, spatio-temporal explicit substitution factors

Improved modelling and monitoring information



WP2

Advanced monitoring of forests and disturbances

- Aim: improve existing methodologies for high-resolution monitoring of forest disturbances to enhance the understanding of the drivers of climate change related risks to Europe's forests
- Results: base data and maps on forest composition and structure across Europe,
 base maps of disturbances (separated by agent), drivers of disturbances

WP5

Integrated modelling of policy pathways for climate change mitigation

- Aim: quantify and evaluate the climate mitigation potential of EU forests and forest-based products and energy, whilst avoiding the negative trade-offs for other components of the Earth system
- Results: evaluated exploratory and normative (target-seeking) scenarios on CC mitigation by forests and the forest-based sector, trade-off analysis

DEC & coordination



WP7 Communication, dissemination and exploitation

- Aim: maximise ForestPaths' impact through tailored communication, dissemination and exploitation strategies aimed at sharing the project's results with relevant stakeholder groups, and particularly supporting policymakers via the CANOPY platform
- Results: CANOPY policy support platform, targeted communication materials, workshops and trainings for selected stakeholders, established synergies and knowledge exchange with relevant initiatives and networks

WP8
Project
management and
coordination

• Aim: provide the structure and conditions for the successful implementation and completion of ForestPaths





X @forestpaths_eu

ForestPaths Project



ForestPaths Newsletter







This project receives funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe Research and Innovation Programme (ID No 101056755), as well as from the United Kingdom Research and Innovation Council (UKRI).